Desalination and NOAA's Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary



NOAA's Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary



- Designated: 1992
- Area: 6094 square statute miles
- Shoreline Length: 276 miles
- Deepest point ~ 12,000 feet
- Supports one of the world's most diverse marine ecosystems

Our Living Marine Resources



Fish: 345 species



Turtles: 4 species





Marine Mammals: 33 species



Seabirds: 94 species

Marine algae: 450 species Invertebrates: 3,000+ species

Diverse Coastal and Marine Habitats



Human Elements of MBNMS



- Five Coastal Counties
- * 12 Coastal Cities
- Four Urban Centers
- Six Congressional Districts
- Approx. 9 million within 25 mi.

Resource Protections - prohibitions









- Exploring for gas, minerals
- Discharge or deposit of any material
- Moving, removing, or injuring a Sanctuary historical resource
- Altering the seabed
- Disturbing marine mammals, sea turtles, or marine birds
- Flying motorized aircraft below 1000 feet in certain areas
- Operating motorized personal watercraft, except within the four designated zones
- Interfering with enforcement of Sanctuary laws or regulations
- Attracting white sharks
- Release of invasive species within or into the NMS

State and Regional Desalination Trends

- Increased interest in desalination in State of California and the MBNMS area
- Currently more than 20 proposed plants in CA
- Many of these proposed plants are within the MBNMS region





Existing Monterey Bay Plants

Moss Landing Power Plant

> Sand City

> Monterey Bay Aquarium



Numerous Proposed Desalination Plants

- ✓ City of Santa Cruz
- ✓ Monterey Regional Desalination Project
- ✓ DeepWater Desal
- Monterey Peninsula
 Water Management District
- ✓ Ocean View Plaza
- ✓ Cambria



Overview of Negative Impacts

- Impacts are highly variable from site to site; cannot generalize
- Primary negative impacts include:
 - ✓ construction
 - \checkmark intake and discharge
 - ✓ energy use and emissions
 - ✓ land use
 - ✓ socioeconomic impacts



• Impacts can be mitigated through proper site design and operation

Positive Impacts of Desalination

- Water supply augmentation
- Reclamation of impaired sources
- Drought resistant reliable water supply
- Diversification of water supply options
- Provides high quality drinking water free of contaminants
- Potential future environmental benefits





MBNMS Desalination Involvement

- Regulatory/Permitting
- Joint Management Plan Review—Desalination Action Plan
- Commenting on desalination proposals
- Public education—Workshops/conferences
- Multi-Agency partnerships
- MBNMS Desalination Guidelines

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Relevant Sanctuary Regulations

>It is unlawful for any person to discharge or deposit any material; or other matter except:...

It is unlawful to discharge or deposit from beyond the boundary of the Sanctuary any material or other matter that subsequently enters the Sanctuary...

It is unlawful to drill into dredge, or otherwise alter the seabed, or construct, place, or abandon any structure, material or other matter on the seabed...



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JMPR Priority Issues--MBNMS

- * Administration
- Big Sur Coastal
 Ecosystem Coordination
- Coastal Development
 - 1. Coastal armoring
 - 2. Desalination
 - 3. Dredge disposal
 - 4. Submerged cables

***** Ecosystem Protection

- 1. Benthic habitats
- 2. Davidson Seamount
- 3. Emerging issues
- 4. Fishing Research and Education
- 5. Krill harvesting
- 6. Marine reserves

- ***** Interpretive Facilities
- ***** Exotic Species
- * Multicultural Outreach
- ***** Water Quality
 - 1. Beach closures
 - 2. Protect riparian habitat
 - 3. Revise MOA
 - 4. WQPP Implementation

*** Wildlife Disturbance**

- 1. Tidepool protection
- 2. Marine mammal disturbance
- 3. Motorized Personal Watercraft

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Regulatory Agencies Involved

Federal:

- Army Corps. Of Engineers
- US Coast Guard
- National Marine Fisheries Service
- US Fish and Wildlife Service
- Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary

State:

- California Coastal Commission
- Dept. of Fish and Game
- Department of Health Services
- Dept. of Transportation
- Dept. of Water Resources
- Public Utilities Commission
- State Lands Commission
- State and Regional Water Boards

Local & Regional:

- City governments
- County government
- Water management districts

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MBNMS Desalination Guidelines

Background: These Guidelines were developed to help ensure that any future desalination plants in the sanctuary will be properly sited, designed, and operated in a manner that results in minimal impacts to the marine environment.

- Based on a non-regulatory collaborative approach
 Address numerous issues including:
 - site selection
 - construction and operational impacts
 - plant discharges, and intake systems.

Intended to assist regulatory agencies in reviewing proposals and ensure that project resource protection concerns are addressed.

MBNMS Desalination Guidelines

Development of Guidelines

- Multi-agency Collaborative Process-MBNMS, Coastal Commission, RWQCB, NMFS
- > Based on science established in AMBAG/MBNMS study

> Input and review by numerous stakeholders



Desalination Guideline Categories

Guidelines For:

- > Regional Desalination Approach
- Desalination Alternatives and Need
- > Plant Site Selection and Structural and Engineering Considerations



Desalination Guideline Categories

Environmental Impacts Guidelines:

- Guidelines Regarding Cumulative Impacts
- Entrainment and Impingement
- > Brine Discharge
- Energy Use and Greenhouse Gas Emissions
- Co-location with Power Plant
- Co-location with Sewage Treatment Facilities
- Chemicals for Treatment and Cleaning
- > Other Environmental and Socioeconomic Impacts
- Guidelines for Desalination Plant Construction Phase



Desalination Guideline Categories

Monitoring Guidelines: Develop/implement a monitoring program focused on:

- > Developing a statistically acceptable baseline for project area
- > Monitoring source water for potential contaminants
- Monitoring effluent prior to discharge
- > Monitoring effects of effluent on marine organisms within the plume
- > Monitoring impingement/entrainment effects, if applicable
- > Monitoring any required mitigation for unavoidable impacts

Existing Monterey Bay Plants

- > Moss Landing Power Plant
- > Marina Coast Water District
- > Monterey Bay Aquarium







Sand City Water Supply Project

- ✓ 0.4 MGD RO plant was approved in 2005
- ✓ Beach well from brackish water aquifer beneath beach for intake
- ✓ Horizontal beach well for brine discharge
- ✓ To be operated by CalAm
- Y Proposals now being sought for plant design, engineering, and construction





Proposed Plants

- ✓ Santa Cruz/Soquel Creek WD
- ✓ Monterey Regional Water Project
- ✓ Deep Water Desal
- Monterey Peninsula
 Water Management District
- ✓ Ocean View Plaza
- ✓ Cambria



Santa Cruz/Soquel Creek Water Districts

- ✓ EIR has been certified by City
- ✓ 2.5 MGD Desal plant proposal in response to drought shortages
- Would retrofit unused pipeline for intake
- ✓ Collaboration with Soquel Creek Water District
- ✓ Pilot plant operated for 1+ year
- ✓ Entrainment and discharge studies underway





Regional Water Project

- ✓ Desal proposed in response to State Order 95-10
- ✓ The Regional Project will desalinate brackish water from an intruded groundwater aquifer instead of taking seawater directly from the ocean.
- Y Product water conveyed to cities of the Monterey Peninsula
- ✓ HDD wells for intake
- ✓EIR Released 2/09
- ✓ Plant to be located on property owned by MCWD
- Yeroject to be overseen by an Advisory Committee

Deep Water Desalination

- Proposal for 20 MGD RO plant at Moss Landing
- Water would go to north Monterey County residents
- ✓ Joint Powers Authority ("JPA") structure
- ✓ Would use rebuilt pier in Moss Landing for intake/outfall
- ✓ Intake would be located below photic zone (in 70-80' of water)
- ✓ Preliminary proposal. Considering 10,000 or 20,000 acre feet per year

MPWMD Desalination Project

✓ 2 MGD RO plant (2,000 AF/yr)

✓ Beach wells or open ocean intake





Ocean View Plaza

- Y Proposed mixed use development on Cannery Row
- ✓ 0.05 MGD RO plant proposed for development's water supply
- ✓ Sub-surface water intake/discharge off Cannery Row
- Community Services District formed
- Currently RWQCB Permit is being appealed



Cambria

- ✓ Desal under consideration since 1993
- ✓ In response to serious drought issues and MTBE contamination of wells
- ✓ 580 Acre-feet per year desalination plant proposed
- ✓ Subsurface intake and discharge being evaluated
- ✓ Plant would be operated only during certain conditions
- Water would not go to new development

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Essential Underlying Policy Considerations

- Site-specific--requires case-by-case review
- Precautionary approach is essential
- Early and thorough involvement and collaboration between regulators and proponents and stakeholders
- Approach must be adaptable







What Questions Should Policymakers Ask?

- Is desalination necessary/appropriate, or are there better alternatives available?
- Where will the desalinated water go?







What site-specifics conditions exist with the project?

- Plant capacity (small vs. large)
- Siting considerations
- Technology and design aspects
- Visual, recreational, and coastal access issues
- Huge variety of site-specific considerations





What are the Environmental Impacts of Project?

- Impacts Vary widely
- Construction impacts
- Impacts from brine discharge



- Impacts from seawater intake
- Cumulative impacts
- Growth inducing impacts





More Considerations for Policymakers

- What are the Socio-economic Impacts?
- What are the human health and safety concerns?





Intake and Discharge Impacts

- Brine Discharge
- Impingement
- Entrainment



Construction Impacts

- Similar issues to any other coastal development projects
- Potential impacts to seafloor, surf zone, and beach/dune ecology
- Wildlife disturbance
- Surface water quality degradation
- Impacts to recreational and commercial activities
- Impacts mitigated by using Best Management Practices





Energy Use and Emissions

- Desalination plants are energy intensive
- Desal plants will result in increased emissions which can:
 ✓ impact human health and the environment
 ✓ contribute to global climate change
- Mitigation measures include use of renewable energies, tradeoffs, and use of energy saving technologies and practices





Growth Inducing Impacts

- Desalination plants have the potential to induce growth in the Monterey Bay area by:
 - ✓ removing an obstacle to growth
 - ✓ adding a new water supply
- Can strain existing community services and infrastructure
- Can cause indirect environmental impacts
- Significant public concern exists regarding growth inducement
- CEQA requires evaluation of growth inducement
- Desalination plant capacities should be limited by growth forecasts in local land use plans and policies

Cumulative Impacts

Defined by CEQA as:

"an impact which is created as a result of the combination of the project evaluated in the EIR together with other projects causing related impacts"

- Includes environmental impacts, AND public access, visual, and a variety of other socioeconomic impacts.
- Includes impacts to water quality and the marine environment due to the intake and brine discharge
- More information/studies are needed

Other Impacts and Issues

- Power plant once-through cooling co-location issues
- Private vs. public ownership
- Affects on sensitive ocean monitoring efforts
- Coastal erosion and armoring
- Impacts to groundwater
- Cultural resources
- Visual impacts

